



Ikebana was born from Ikenobo



Looking at Works

Each work has a name plate carrying the name of its creator.





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Origin of Ikebana

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which have continued, handed down, to this day.

styles in Japan were going through great changes Japanese zashihi rooms as the architectural

then established the principles of ikebana, Ikenobo Sen'no, the Headmaster of that time,

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Free Style



Free from traditional set patterns Flowers arranged based on the creator's unique ideas



Without a specific pattern or set of rules, Free Style freely conveys its creator's inspiration.

Points to Appreciate

- No rules for floral materials or quantities to use
- Materials other than plants can be included
- Check out the wide variety of ingenious ideas of the creators! (Combinations, display, and how the flowers are fixed.)

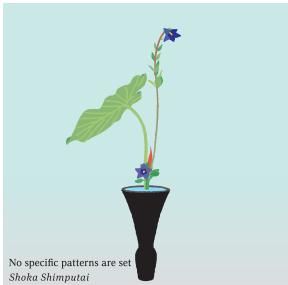
See if you can catch the creator's intention

Every Free Style ikebana work has a topic to express. To express such topics, creators use various augmenting methods in their works, such as colored wires or uniquely shaped vases. Please enjoy the world demonstrated by each creator.



Shoka





Only a few kinds of floral materials are used to emphasize the characteristics of each material, to eventually express the joy of life or the vigor of the plants.

Points to Appreciate

- No more than three kinds of floral materials are used
- Spontaneous, pure depiction of each plant
- Simple structure to make the plants appear to be growing or arising from the *mizugiwa**

*Mizugiwa: The source of life for plants

Mizugiwa is the part of the water surface connecting the plants and water in the vase. When imagining the water in the vase as the ground, you can see the plants appearing to grow from it, as though given life from the water source. Ikenobo follows the tradition of "Mizugiwa Hosoku Suguyakani Look at here! (mizugiwa should be slender, clean, and straight)," in which all the plants in the work should look as if they are a single plant at mizugiwa from the front side.

Rikka





The most traditional style handed down from the Muromachi Era (the 16th century). Characterized with its dignified style where plants grow upright from the *mizugiwa*.

Points to Appreciate

- The beauty of an asymmetrical, seemingly imbalanced structure
- Expressing time and space with height difference (tall means far, short means close)
- Harmony of various plants conveying the grandness of Nature

In ikebana, we use not only fullybloomed flowers but also buds, withered leaves, and even worm-eaten leaves. There is such variety, and the naturally changing shapes of plants, the glory of a plant's life at various stages of its life is celebrated. Watch and feel each plant as it lives for the moment!

